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APPLICATION NO.	1	ILING DATE	FIRST MANAGE BUTTATION	A TTODAYELL DOGUCTONIO	CONTRACTOR AND	
ALTEICATION NO.	Г.	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	TTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/604,707	10/604,707 08/12/2003		Steven L. Carey	Wr-604D	1706	
33464	7590	05/20/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
WHITE R	WHITE RODGERS DIV.				NORMAN, MARC E	
EMERSON	ELECTR	IC CO.				
9797 REAV	/IS RD.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
ST. LOUIS	, MO 63	123	3744			

DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	-
	10/604,707	CAREY, STEVEN L.	\V
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Marc E. Norman	3744	
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence addres	is
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state of the period for reply will, by state of the period for reply will, by state of the period for reply will be searned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R.1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this commur ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	2 August 2003.		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ T	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the me	rits is
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims		•	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the applicati	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 12 August 2003 is/ar		jected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to t			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	rection is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-15	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 	ents have been received.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the p	·	·	e
application from the International Bure	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	received.	
Attachment(s)			
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		ummary (PTO-413)	
2) \square Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) \boxtimes Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ \lozenge)/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/12/03</u> .	6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dushane et al.

As per claim 1, Dushane et al. discloses a programmable digital thermostat comprising activation means (controller 24) for running a program that maintains the last selected temperature during a non-setback time period (as set at 120), and offsets that temperature by a predetermined amount (as set at 122), wherein the activation means is selected by a single action of the user (column 9, lines 19-21).

As per claim 3, Dushane et al. discloses activating the setback program by simultaneously pressing two buttons (column 9, lines 19-21).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dushane et al. in view of Manson et al.

As per claim 2, Dushane et al. does not teach the activation means comprising a single button. Manson et al. teaches an air conditioning controller wherein an economy control mode is activated by a single button being pressed only one time (see column 5, line 29). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate such single button activation of Manson et al. to the controller of Dushane et al. for the simple purpose of increasing user convenience.

Claims 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dushane et al. in view of Manson et al. as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Shah.

As per claims 4 and 5, the recited features are common and well-known in the art of thermostat controls. Shah, for example, teaches a non-setback period being when the user is awake and the setback period being when the user is asleep (column 1, lines 18-24). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply these features of Shah to the system of Dushane et al. for the purpose of reducing energy costs (column 1, lines 24-25).

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As per claim 6, Dushane et al. further teaches the offset being in the range of 5 to 15

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degrees Fahrenheit (column 9, line 1).

Claims 7-9, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Dushane et al. in view of Abrams.

As per claims 7 and 9, Dushane et al. teaches all features of the claims (as discussed

above regarding similar claims 1 and 3) except receiving a broadcast time signal for storing the

local time in the thermostat. Abrams et al. teaches a system wherein thermostat 78 receives a

broadcast signal for storing local time (column 8, lines 57-65). It would have been obvious to

one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply this feature of Abrams

et al. to the system of Dushane et al. for the simple purpose of assuring that the clock function of

the thermostat has the proper time and is synchronized with other possible appliances (Abrams et

al., column 8, line 65).

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dushane et al. in

view of Abrams et al. as applied to claim 7 above, and further in view of Manson et al.

As per claim 8, see discussion of similar claim 2, above.

Claims 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dushane et

al. and Abrams et al. as applied to claim 9 above, and further in view of Shah.

As per claims 10-12, see discussion of similar claims 4-6, above.

Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marc E. Norman whose telephone number is 703-305-2711. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri., 8:00-5:30, with first Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Denise Esquivel can be reached on 703-308-2597. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MN

MARC NORMAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER